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# Existence and uniqueness results for Mean Field Game systems with fractional or nonlinear diffusions

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Joint work with

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## Plan :

1. Introduction

2. MFG with uncontrolled Levy noise

3. MFG with controlled noise

4. Other results:

- Numerics

- Master eq'n

5. List of papers

# 1. Introduction: Mean Field Games (MFGs)

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- $\infty$ -player limit of games of identical players observing only the distribution of the other players.

- Nash-equilibria given by MFG system, e.g.

$$\begin{cases} -u_t - \mathcal{L}u + H(x, Du) = F(x, m(t)) & ; u(t=T) = G(x, m(T)) \\ m_t - \mathcal{L}^*m + \operatorname{div}(m D_2 H(x, Du)) = 0 & ; m(t=0) = m_0 \end{cases}$$

- $u$  value func'n of generic player,  $m$  distribution of players.
- Backward HJB eq'n, forward Fokker-Planck (FP) eq'n

# 1. Heuristics : HJB eq'n

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Minimization problem:

$$u(x, t) = \inf_{\text{control}} E \left\{ \int_t^T \left( F(X_s, \tilde{m}_s) + \frac{1}{2} \alpha_s^2 \right) ds + G(X_T, \tilde{m}_T) \right\}$$

running cost                                  terminal cost

*density of other players*

where  $X_s = x + \int_t^s \alpha_r dr + \int_t^s dL_r$

ctrl'ed SDE     Proc. w. generator  $L$

Dynamic programming:

$$-u_t - \mathcal{L} u + \underbrace{\max_{\alpha} \left\{ \alpha D u - \frac{1}{2} \alpha^2 \right\}}_{= \frac{1}{2} |Du|^2} = F(x, \tilde{m}(t)) ; u(t=T) = G(x, \tilde{m}(T))$$

Opt. feedback ctrl.:  $\alpha^*(x, t) = Du(x, t)$

# 1. Heuristics : FP - eq'n

Opt. ctrl'ed process:

$$X_s^* = x + \int_t^s \alpha^*(X_r^*, r) dr + \int_t^s dL_r$$

PDF for  $X_t^*$ :

$$m(x, t) = "Prob(X_t^* = x)" \Rightarrow \text{FP eq'n:}$$

$$m_t - \mathcal{L}^* m + \operatorname{div} \underbrace{(m \alpha^*(x, t))}_{= Du(x, t)} = 0 \quad ; \quad m(t=0) = m_0$$

All players play optimally:

$\tilde{m} = m$ , where  $m_0$  init. distr. of players  $\Rightarrow$  coupled syst.

# 1. Introduction: Diffusion and coupling

- $\mathcal{L}$  = diffusion operator, e.g.  $\mathcal{L} = \Delta$  (noise = B.M.)
- Nonlocal MFG: noise = Levy jump process,

$$\mathcal{L}\varphi(x) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} [\varphi(x+z) - \varphi(x) - \mathbf{1}_{|z|<1} z \cdot D\varphi(x)] d\mu(z) \quad \text{hypersingular integral}$$

where  $\mu \geq 0$  measure  $\int |z|^2 \wedge 1 d\mu(z) < \infty$

$$\text{ex. } \mathcal{L} = -(-\Delta)^{\frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

- Couplings  $F, G$ :

Smoothing / nonlocal       $F, G : \mathbb{R}^d \times \mathbb{P}(\mathbb{R}^d) \xrightarrow{\text{prob-meas.}} C_b^k(\mathbb{R}^d)$       [e.g.  $F(m) = m * K$ ]

Local       $F, G : \mathbb{R}^d \times \mathbb{R} \mapsto \mathbb{R}$       [e.g.  $F(m) = m^3$ ]

# 1. Introduction: Some literature

- Origin: Lasry - Lions 2006, Huang - Malhamé - Caines 2006
- Books :
  - PDE approach (Bellman/DPP): Achdou et al., Springer 2020 ...
  - Probabilistic (Pontryagin) : Carmona - Delarue, Springer 2018  
FBSDEs
- Nonlocal MFG :
  - Cesaroni et al. 2019, Cirant - Goffi 2019, Erland-J. 2021
- MFG with controlled diffusion :
  - Ricciardi PhD 2020, Andrade-Pimentel 2020 , Benazoli et al. 2019/20, Lacker '15

# 1. Introduction: MFG models in this talk

Case 1: Uncontrolled nonlocal noise  $\rightarrow$  linear diffusion (nonloc)

$$(MFG1) \begin{cases} -u_t - \mathcal{L}u + H(x, Du) = f(x, m(t)) & ; \quad u(t=T) = g(x, m(T)) \\ m_t - \mathcal{L}^*m - \operatorname{div}(m D_2 H(x, Du)) = 0 & ; \quad m(t=0) = m_0(x) \end{cases}$$

linear diffusion

Case 2: Controlled noise  $\rightarrow$  nonlinear diffusion (loc. or nonloc.)

$$(MFG2) \begin{cases} -u_t - F(\mathcal{L}u) = f(x, m(t)) & ; \quad u(t=T) = g(x, m(T)) \\ m_t - \mathcal{L}^*(F'(\mathcal{L}u)m) = 0 & ; \quad m(t=0) = m_0(x) \end{cases}$$

nonlinear diffusion

## 2. MFG with uncontrolled Lévy noise

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$$(MFG1) \quad \begin{cases} -u_t - \mathcal{L}u + H(x, Du) = F(x, m(t)) & ; \quad u(t=T) = G(x, m(T)) \\ m_t - \mathcal{L}^*m - \operatorname{div}(m D_2 H(x, Du)) = 0 & ; \quad m(t=0) = m_0 \end{cases}$$

Well-posedness - classical sol'ns

$\mathcal{L} = 0$  : 1st order, "variational" sol'ns in  $L^p$  [Cardaliaguet-Graber 2014]

$\mathcal{L} = \Delta$  : 2nd order [Lasry-Lions...]

$\mathcal{L} = -(-\Delta)^{\frac{\alpha}{2}}$  on  $\mathbb{T}^n$  : [Cesaroni et al. 2019], [Cirant-Goffi 2019]

$\mathcal{L}$  = "general" nondegenerate nonlocal Lévy op. on  $\mathbb{R}^n$ : [Erland-J. JDE 2021]

## 2. MFG with uncontrolled Lévy noise

Conditions on  $\mathbb{L}$ :

(Lévy) 
$$\mathbb{L}(\varphi(x)) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} [\varphi(x+z) - \varphi(x) - D\varphi(x) \mathbf{1}_{|z| \leq 1}] d\mu(z)$$
 where  $\mu \geq 0$ ,  $\int |z|^2 \wedge 1 d\mu(z) < \infty$

NON-DEGENERATE:

(Non-deg.) 
$$\frac{1}{C} \frac{1}{|z|^{d+\sigma}} \leq \frac{d\mu}{dz} \leq C \frac{1}{|z|^{d+\sigma}}$$
 for  $|z| \leq 1$ ,  $\sigma \in (1, 2)$  order of  $\mathbb{L}$   
 $z \sim \Delta^{\frac{\sigma}{2}}$

OR MUCH MORE GENERAL

(Non-deg.) Heat kernel bnd's + moment cond'n:

$$\|D^\beta K_t\|_p, \|D^\beta K_t^*\|_p \leq C_T t^{-\frac{1}{\sigma}(|\beta| - (1-\frac{1}{p})d)}$$

+

$$r^\sigma \int_{|z| \leq 1} \frac{|z|^2}{r^2} \wedge 1 d\mu(z) \leq c$$

NO COND'N AT 8-9

## 2. MFG with uncontrolled Lévy noise

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Examples of  $\mathcal{L}$ :  $\sigma, \sigma_1, \dots, \sigma_n, Y \in (1, 2)$

$$(i) \quad \mathcal{L} = -(-\Delta)^{\frac{\sigma}{2}} \quad \mu \text{ abs. cont.}$$

$$(ii) \quad \mathcal{L} = -(\partial_{x_1})^{\frac{\sigma_1}{2}} - \dots - (\partial_{x_n})^{\frac{\sigma_n}{2}} \quad \mu \text{ singular, different orders}$$

$$(iii) \quad \mathcal{L} \varphi(x) = \int_0^\infty [\varphi(x+z \cdot e_1) - \varphi(x) - \partial_1 \varphi(x) \cdot z \mathbf{1}_{\{z>0\}}] \frac{dz}{|z|^{\gamma+\sigma}} \quad \mu \text{ spectrally one-sided}$$

$$(iv) \quad \mathcal{L} \varphi(x) = \int_{\mathbb{R}} [\varphi(x+z \cdot e_1) - \varphi(x) - \partial_1 \varphi(x) \mathbf{1}_{\{z>0\}}] \frac{C e^{-Gz^+ - Mz^-}}{|z|^{\gamma+\sigma}} dz \quad \begin{matrix} CGMY \\ \text{non-symmetric} \end{matrix}$$

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Tempered  $\mathcal{L}$ ,  $\mathcal{L}$  in Finance, no moments at  $\infty$ , sums of  $\mathcal{L}, \dots$

(MFGT)

$$\begin{aligned} -u_t - \mathcal{L}u + H(x, Du) &= F(x, m(t)) & ; \quad u(t=T) &= G(x, m(t)) \\ m_t - \mathcal{L}m - \operatorname{div}(m D_2 H(x, Du)) &= 0 & ; \quad m(t=0) &= m_0 \end{aligned}$$

## 2. MFG with uncontrolled Lévy noise

Smoothing couplings:

(I)  $F, G : \mathbb{R}^d \times \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{R}^d) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  Lipschitz ;  $F(\cdot, m) \in C_b^2$ ,  $G(\cdot, m) \in C_b^3$  indep.  $m$

(II)  $|H| + \dots + |D^3 H| \leq C_R \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R}^d, |p| \leq R ;$   $|H(x, p) - H(y, p)| \leq C(|x-y|)$   
" $C_{b, loc}^3$ " "x-Lipschitz"

(III)  $m_0 \in C_b^2 \cap \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{R}^d)$

NO MOMENT COND.'N

Theorem [Ersland - J. JDE 2021]

$\exists$  cl. sol'n  $u \in C_b^{1,3}_{t,x}, m \in C_b^{1,2}_{t,x} \cap C([0, T]; \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{R}^d))$  of (MFGT) in  $[0, T] \times \mathbb{R}^d$

(MFGT<sup>I</sup>)

$$\begin{aligned} u_t - \mathcal{L}u + H(x, Du) &= F(x, m_{0,t}) \quad ; \quad u(t=\bar{T}) = G(x) \\ m_t - \mathcal{L}m - \operatorname{div}(m D_2 H(x, Du)) &= 0 \quad ; \quad m(t=0) = m_0 \end{aligned}$$

## 2. MFG with uncontrolled Lévy noise

Local couplings:

(I)  $F = F(x, s) \in C^2 \cap C_b(\underset{x}{\mathbb{R}^d} \times \underset{s}{\mathbb{R}}) \cap C(\underset{s}{\mathbb{R}}; C^2_{b,x}(\mathbb{R}^d))$ ,  $G = G(x) \in C^3_b(\mathbb{R}^d)$

(II)  $|H| + \dots + |D^3 H| \leq C_R \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R}^d, |p| \leq R; \quad |H(x, p) - H(y, p)| \leq C(1+|p|)|x-y|$   
"C<sup>3</sup><sub>b, loc</sub>" "x-Lipschitz"

(III)  $m_0 \in C^2_b \cap P(\mathbb{R}^d)$

NO MOMENT COND.'N

Theorem [Ersland - J. JDE 2021]

$\exists$  d. sol'n  $u \in C^{1,3}_{b,t,x}, m \in C^{1,2}_{b,t,x} \cap C([0, \bar{T}]; P(\mathbb{R}^d))$  of (MFGT<sup>I</sup>) in  $[0, \bar{T}] \times \mathbb{R}^d$

(MFGT)

$$\begin{aligned} u_t - \mathcal{L}u + H(x, Du) &= F(x, m(t)) & ; \quad u(t=\bar{T}) &= G(x, m(\bar{T})) \\ m_t - \mathcal{L}m - \operatorname{div}(m D_2 H(x, Du)) &= 0 & ; \quad m(t=0) &= m_0 \end{aligned}$$

## 2. MFG with uncontrolled Lévy noise

Mixed local - nonlocal operators:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{mix}} = \operatorname{tr}[aa^T D^2] + b \cdot D + \mathcal{L}_{\text{nonloc}}$$

Smoothing couplings:

$$(I) \quad F, G : \mathbb{R}^d \times P(\mathbb{R}^d) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

...

Theorem [J - Rutkowski, in progress]

$\exists$  d. sol'n  $(u, m)$  of (MFGT) in  $[0, T] \times \mathbb{R}^d$

## 2. MFG with uncontrolled Lévy noise

Existence ok - what about uniqueness ??

Uniqueness holds in all cases under :

(i) Monotonicity of  $F$  and  $G$ , e.g.

$$\int (F(m_1) - F(m_2)) d(m_1 - m_2) \geq 0 \quad \forall m_1, m_2 \in \mathbb{P}$$

(ii) Convexity of  $H$  (in gradient)

Proof: As in local case

(MFGT)

$$\begin{aligned} -u_t - \mathcal{L}u + H(x, Du) &= F(x, m(t)) & ; \quad u(t=T) &= G(x, m(t)) \\ m_t - \mathcal{L}m - \operatorname{div}(m D_2 H(x, Du)) &= 0 & ; \quad m(t=0) &= m_0 \end{aligned}$$

## 2. MFG with uncontrolled Lévy noise

New contributions:

- 1.) General and mixed operators
- 2.) Local coupling
- 3.) Noncompact space  $\mathbb{R}^n$
- 4.) No(!) moment assumptions, no  $P_1$  or  $P_2$ , no  $W_1$   
Wasserstein 1
- 5.) New regularity theory for nonlocal HJB eq'n's
- ( 6.) Reduced regularity requirements )

(MFGT)

$$\begin{aligned} u_t - \mathcal{L}u + H(x, Du) &= F(x, m(t)) & ; \quad u(t=T) &= G(x, m(T)) \\ m_t - \mathcal{L}m - \operatorname{div}(m D_2 H(x, Du)) &= 0 & ; \quad m(t=0) &= m_0 \end{aligned}$$

## 2. MFG with uncontrolled Lévy noise

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Existence of smooth solutions (smoothing couplings)

1) Heat kernel estimates :  $K_t - \mathcal{L}K = 0$ ,  $K(t=0) = \delta_0$

$$\|D^\alpha K(t, \cdot)\|_{L^1} \leq C \cdot t^{-\frac{|\alpha|}{\sigma}} \quad \text{for all } \alpha \in \mathbb{N}_0^d$$

2) Short time existence HJB (freeze  $m$ ) : via Duhamel formula

$$\partial_i u(x, t) = K(\cdot) * \partial_i u_0 + \int_0^t \partial_i K(t-s) * (H(Du) - F) \, ds$$

... existence in  $C_x^1$  by fixed pt. arg. (Banach) ... higher derivatives  $C_x^k$  ...

3) Long time existence HJB : via uniform Lipschitz bnd's

viscosity sol'n arguments [ ~ Deoniou - Imbert  $\mathcal{L} = -(-\Delta)^{\frac{\alpha}{2}}$  ]

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\text{MFGT}) \quad & u_t - \mathcal{L}u + H(x, Du) = F(x, m(t)) \quad ; \quad u(t=T) = G(x, m(T)) \\
 & m_t - \mathcal{L}m - \operatorname{div}(m D_2 H(x, Du)) = 0 \quad ; \quad m(t=0) = m_0
 \end{aligned}$$

## 2. MFG with uncontrolled Lévy noise

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4.) HJB: Time-regularity estimates

5.) FP (freeze  $u$ ): Regularity - using results for HJB

6.) FP: A priori estimates

$\geq 0$ ,  $L^\infty$ , mass-preserving, tightness, equi-cont. in R-K metric  $d_0$

$$d_0(\mu_1, \mu_2) = \inf_{\varphi \in W^{1,\infty}} \int \varphi(x) d(\mu_1 - \mu_2)(x) \quad ; \quad \mu_1, \mu_2 \in \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

$$\|\varphi\|_\infty + \|D\varphi\|_\infty \leq 1$$

$d_0$ -conv.  $\Leftrightarrow$  w. conv. of meas.

Previously: Stronger  $d_1 = W_1$  conv. + moment assumptions!

$$(MFGT) \quad \boxed{\begin{array}{l} u_t - \mathcal{L}u + H(x, Du) = F(x, m(t)) \quad ; \quad u(t=T) = G(x, m(t)) \\ m_t - \mathcal{L}m - \operatorname{div}(m D_2 H(x, Du)) = 0 \quad ; \quad m(t=0) = m_0 \end{array}}$$

## 2. MFG with uncontrolled Lévy noise

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7.) MFG : Solve coupled system by fixed pt. argument

Convex, compact set :  $\mathcal{C} = \left\{ \mu \in C([0, T]; P) : \int \varphi d\mu \leq C_1; \begin{array}{c} \text{tight} \\ \frac{d\mu(s, \cdot)}{|t-s|^{\frac{1}{2}}} \leq C_2 \end{array} \right\}$

Continuous map in  $\mathcal{C}$  :  $T : \mu \xrightarrow{\substack{\text{cl. sol'n} \\ \text{HJB wr.} \\ m = \mu}} u(\mu) \xleftarrow{\substack{\text{cl. sol'n} \\ \text{FP wr.} \\ u = u(\mu)}} m$

Schauder fixed pt. theorem

$\Rightarrow \exists m \in \mathcal{C} \text{ such that } Tm = m$

$\Leftrightarrow \exists (m, u) \text{ cl. sol'n of } (MFG)$   
def. of  $T$

## 2. MFG with uncontrolled Lévy noise

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Remarks: i) "Lions fixed pt. argument"

ii) Local couplings more complicated [Ersland - J. DDE 2021]

... approximate w. nonlocal couplings ...

... uniform a priori estimates ...

... pass to the limit

Problem:  $F$  less regular in proof ( $\sim$  regularity of  $m$ )

→ new long time estimates

→ no decoupling, fractional improvement, bootstrapping

### 3. MFG with controlled noise

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$$(MFG\ 2) \begin{cases} -u_t - \bar{F}(\mathcal{L}u) = f(x, m(t)) & ; \quad u(t=T) = g(x, m(T)) \\ m_t - \mathcal{L}^*(F'(\mathcal{L}u)m) = 0 & ; \quad m(t=0) = m_0(x) \end{cases}$$

Very resent direction, only initial results:

Ricciardi PhD 2020, Andrade-Pimentel 2020, Benazoli et al. 2019/20, Lacker '15  
some overlap, much different                          different setting                          probabilistic, simpler setting

We will discuss:

Chowdhury - J.- Krupski arXiv: 2105:00073

$$(MFG\ 2) \quad \boxed{\begin{aligned} u_t - F(\mathcal{L}u) &= f(x, m(t)) ; \quad u(t=T) = g(x, m(T)) \\ m_t - \mathcal{L}^*(F'(\mathcal{L}u)m) &= 0 \quad ; \quad m(t=0) = m_0(x) \end{aligned}}$$

### 3. MFG with controlled noise

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Sample assumptions:

(I)  $F$  convex,  $F' \in W^{1,\infty}(\mathbb{R})$ ,  $F' \geq 0$

(II)  $f, g : \mathbb{R}^d \times P(\mathbb{R}^d) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  cont. ;  $f(\cdot, m(\cdot, \cdot)) \in C_b^1$ ,  $g(\cdot, m) \in C_b^2$  indep.  $m \in C([0,T], P)$   
smoothing couplings

(III)  $m_0 \in P(\mathbb{R}^d)$

(IV)  $\int_{\mathbb{R}^d} [g(x, m_1(t)) - g(x, m_2(t))] d(m_1 - m_2)(x) \leq 0$

$\int_0^T \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} [f(x, m_1(t)) - f(x, m_2(t))] d(m_1 - m_2)(t, x) dt \leq 0$

Lions  
monotonicity  
cond'ns

$$(MFG\ 2) \quad \begin{aligned} u_t - F(\mathcal{L}u) &= f(x, m(t)) ; \quad u(t=T) = g(x, m(T)) \\ m_t - \mathcal{L}^*(F'(\mathcal{L}u)m) &= 0 ; \quad m(t=0) = m_0(x) \end{aligned}$$

### 3. MFG with controlled noise

Degenerate, low order:

$$(E1) \quad \mathcal{L}\varphi(x) = \int [\varphi(x+z) - \varphi(x)] d\mu(z), \quad \mu \geq 0, \quad \sigma \in (0, 1), \quad \alpha \in (\sigma, 1)$$

$$0 \leq \int 1 \wedge \frac{|z|^\alpha}{r^\alpha} \mu(dz) \leq \frac{K}{\alpha - \sigma} r^{-\sigma} \quad \text{for } |r| \leq 1.$$

no lower bnd.

↑  
order  $\leq \sigma < 1$ , can be degenerate

Theorem 1: [Chowdhury - J. - Krupski]

If (E1) holds with  $\sigma \leq 0,29$ , then

$\exists!$  classical - very weak sol'n  $(u, m)$  of (MFG 2) in  $[0, T] \times \mathbb{R}^d$

(MFG 2)

$$\begin{aligned} -u_t - F(\mathcal{L}u) &= f(x, m(t)) ; \quad u(t=T) = g(x, m(T)) \\ m_t - \mathcal{L}^*(F'(\mathcal{L}u)m) &= 0 \quad ; \quad m(t=0) = m_0(x) \end{aligned}$$

### 3. MFG with controlled noise

Nondegenerate, order 2:

$$(2.2) \quad \mathcal{L} = \Delta$$

$$(ND) \quad F' \geq K > 0$$

Theorem 2: [Chowdhury - J. - Krupski]

$\exists !$  classical - very weak sol'n  $(u, m)$  of (MFG 2) in  $[0, T] \times \mathbb{R}^d$

(MFG 2)

$$\begin{aligned} -u_t - \bar{F}(\mathcal{L}u) &= f(x, m(t)) ; \quad u(t=T) = g(x, m(T)) \\ m_t - \mathcal{L}^*(\bar{F}'(\mathcal{L}u)m) &= 0 \quad ; \quad m(t=0) = m_0(x) \end{aligned}$$

### 3. MFG with controlled noise

Nondegenerate, order  $\sigma \in (0, 2)$ :

$$(23) \quad \mathcal{L} \simeq -(-\Delta)^{\frac{\sigma}{2}}$$

$$(ND) \quad F' \geq K > 0$$

(Schauder)  
HJB

$$g, f \in C_{x,t}^{\alpha, \frac{\alpha}{\sigma}}$$
$$u_t - \bar{F}(\mathcal{L}u) = f(x, t)$$
$$\implies u_t, \mathcal{L}u \in C_{x,t}^{\alpha, \frac{\alpha}{\sigma}}$$
$$u(t=0) = g(x)$$

Then we prove:

$\exists!$  classical - very weak sol'n  $(u, m)$  of (MFG 2) in  $[0, T] \times \mathbb{R}^d$

Q to YOU: Do you have references for (Schauder)  
HJB? Fully nonlin.!

### 3. MFG with controlled noise

Remarks:

- i) More general results in Chowdhury - J.-Krupski arXiv:2105:00073
  - less regularity ... more  $\mathcal{L}$ 's ... abstract theory ... "derivation"
- ii) Very weak sol'n's of FP:  $m \in C([0, T]; P(\mathbb{R}^d))$  solving
$$\int m(t) \varphi dx = \int m_0 \varphi dx + \int_0^t \int F'(\mathcal{L} u) m(s) \mathcal{L} \varphi dx ds \quad \forall \varphi \in C_c^\infty$$
- iii) Existence: Variant of Lions fixed pt. argument
- iv) Uniqueness: Variant of Lions cross-multiplication method
  - Uses monotonicity and convexity, but no strict mon. or convexity!

### 3. MFG with controlled noise

v) Uniqueness:

Requires ! of FP eq'n  $\Rightarrow$  new results for degenerate eq'n's

Prop.: If (L1) holds,  $m_0 \in P(\mathbb{R}^d)$ , and  
order  $\sigma < 1$

$$0 \leq b \in C([0,T]; C_b^\beta(\mathbb{R}^d)) \quad \text{for } \beta > \sigma + \frac{\sigma}{1-\sigma},$$

then there is a unique very weak sol'n of

$$m_t - \mathcal{L}^*(bm) = 0, \quad m(t=0) = m_0.$$

non-Lipschitz

degen.

duality arg.  
+ visc. sol'n's

iv) Semi-heuristic derivation of MFG: New ctrl. problem,  
ctrl'ed time change rates.

## 4. Other results: Numerical schemes (MFG1)

- Nonlocal, smoothing coupling

- SL schemes:

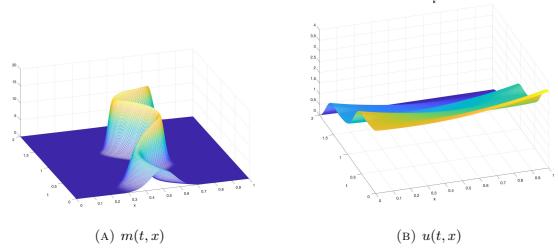
HJB : discrete time DPP eq'n, interpolation

Opt. ctrl.: Approx. by smoothing

FP : FP for discr. time proc., duality, P1 test-func's

- Stability, compactness, sometimes full conv.:

dim=1, degenerate PDEs      OR      dim  $\geq 1$ , non-degen. PDEs



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Chowdhury, Ersland, and Jakobsen.

Numerical Approximations of Fractional and Nonlocal Mean Field Games.

Found. Comput. Math. (2022), <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10208-022-09572-w>.

## 4. Other results: Master eq'n, conv. $N \mapsto \infty$ players

Define  $U: (t_0, x, m_0) \mapsto u(x, t)$ ,  $(u, m)$  solves  $\begin{cases} (MFG\ 1) \\ u(T, x) = G(x, m(T)) \\ m(t_0) = m_0 \end{cases}$

prob. meas

Smooth  $U$  satisfies MASTER EQN:

$$(ME) \quad \begin{cases} U_t - \mathcal{L}_x U + H(DU) - \int (\Delta_y + H'(DU) \nabla_y) \frac{\delta U}{\delta m}(t, x, y, m) dm(y) = F(x, m) \\ U(T, x, m) = G(x, m) \end{cases} \quad \text{in } (0, T) \times \mathbb{R}^n \times P(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

Work in progress w. A. Rutkowski:

- $\exists!$  of cl. solns of (ME) when  $\mathcal{L}$  nonlocal / mixed
- Next:  $N$ -player games  $\xrightarrow{N \rightarrow \infty}$  MFG

Thank you for the attention!

Ersland, Jakobsen.

On fractional and nonlocal parabolic Mean Field Games in the whole space.

J. Differential Equations 301, 2021.

Chowdhury, Jakobsen, Krupski.

On fully nonlinear parabolic mean field games with examples of nonlocal and local diffusions.

Preprint: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2104.06985>

Chowdhury, Ersland, and Jakobsen.

Numerical Approximations of Fractional and Nonlocal Mean Field Games.

Found. Comput. Math. (2022), <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10208-022-09572-w>.